

Public Law 98-586
98th Congress

An Act

To designate certain national forest system lands in the State of Virginia as wilderness, and for other purposes.

Oct. 30, 1984
[H.R. 5121]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited the "Virginia Wilderness Act of 1984".

Virginia
Wilderness Act
of 1984,
National
Wilderness
Preservation
System.
National Forest
System.

DESIGNATION OF WILDERNESS AREAS

SEC. 2. In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act (16 U.S.C. 1131-1136), the following lands in the State of Virginia are hereby designated as wilderness and, therefore, as components of the National Wilderness Preservation System:

(1) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately six thousand three hundred and seventy-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Beartown Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Beartown Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(2) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately five thousand five hundred and eighty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Kimberling Creek Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Kimberling Creek Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(3) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately five thousand seven hundred and thirty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Lewis Fork Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Lewis Fork Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(4) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately three thousand four hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Little Dry Run Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Little Dry Run Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(5) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately three thousand eight hundred and fifty-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Little Wilson Creek Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Little Wilson Creek Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(6) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately eight thousand two hundred and fifty-three acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Mountain Lake Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Mountain Lake Wilderness;

16 USC 1132
note.

(7) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately three thousand three hundred and twenty-six acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Peters Mountain Wilderness—Proposed", dated February

16 USC 1132
note.

- 1984, and which shall be known as the Peters Mountain Wilderness;
- 16 USC 1132 note. (8) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately two thousand four hundred and fifty acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Thunder Ridge Wilderness—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Thunder Ridge Wilderness;
- 16 USC 1132 note. (9) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately two hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "James River Face Wilderness Addition—Proposed", dated September 1984, and which are hereby incorporated in, and shall be deemed to be part of, the James River Face Wilderness as designated by Public Law 93-622;
- 16 USC 1132 note. (10) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately six thousand seven hundred and twenty-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Ramseys Draft Wilderness—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Ramseys Draft Wilderness; and
- 16 USC 1132 note. (11) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, Virginia, which comprise approximately ten thousand and ninety acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Saint Mary's Wilderness—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Saint Mary's Wilderness.

MAPS AND DESCRIPTIONS

Public availability. **SEC. 3.** As soon as practicable after enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall file a map and a legal description of each wilderness area designated by this Act with the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs and the Committee on Agriculture of the United States House of Representatives and with the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the United States Senate. Each such map and description shall have the same force and effect as if included in this Act, except that correction of clerical and typographical errors in each such map and description may be made by the Secretary. Each such map and description shall be on file and available for public inspection in the Office of the Chief of the Forest Service, Department of Agriculture.

ADMINISTRATION OF WILDERNESS

16 USC 1131 note. **SEC. 4.** Subject to valid existing rights, each wilderness area designated by this Act shall be administered by the Secretary of Agriculture in accordance with the provisions of the Wilderness Act governing areas designated by that Act as wilderness, except that any reference in such provisions to the effective date of the Wilderness Act shall be deemed to be a reference to the date of enactment of this Act.

EFFECT OF RARE II

Conservation. **SEC. 5. (a)** The Congress finds that—
 (1) the Department of Agriculture has completed the second roadless area review and evaluation program (RARE II); and
 (2) the Congress has made its own review and examination of National Forest System roadless areas in the State of Virginia

and of the environmental impacts associated with alternative allocations of such areas.

(b) On the basis of such review, the Congress hereby determines and directs that—

(1) without passing on the question of the legal and factual sufficiency of the RARE II final environmental statement (dated January 1979) with respect to National Forest System lands in States other than Virginia, such statement shall not be subject to judicial review with respect to National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia;

(2) with respect to the National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia which were reviewed by the Department of Agriculture in the second roadless area review and evaluation (RARE II) and those lands referred to in subsection (d), except those lands designated for wilderness study upon enactment of this Act, that review and evaluation or reference shall be deemed for the purposes of the initial land management plans required for such lands by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, to be an adequate consideration of the suitability of such lands for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System and the Department of Agriculture shall not be required to review the wilderness option prior to the revisions of the plans, but shall review the wilderness option when the plans are revised, which revisions will ordinarily occur on a ten-year cycle, or at least every fifteen years, unless, prior to such time, the Secretary of Agriculture finds that conditions in a unit have significantly changed;

16 USC 1600
note.

(3) areas in the State of Virginia reviewed in such final environmental statement or referenced in subsection (d) and not designated as wilderness or for wilderness study upon enactment of this Act shall be managed for multiple use in accordance with land management plans pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976: *Provided*, That such areas need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of the initial land management plans;

16 USC 1604.

(4) in the event that revised land management plans in the State of Virginia are implemented pursuant to section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law, areas not recommended for wilderness designation need not be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation prior to or during revision of such plans, and areas recommended for wilderness designation shall be managed for the purpose of protecting their suitability for wilderness designation as may be required by the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, and other applicable law; and

(5) unless expressly authorized by Congress, the Department of Agriculture shall not conduct any further statewide roadless area review and evaluation of National Forest System lands in the State of Virginia for the purpose of determining their

suitability for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

16 USC 1604. (c) As used in this section, and as provided in section 6 of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest Management Act of 1976, the term "revision" shall not include an "amendment" to a plan.

(d) The provisions of this section shall also apply to National Forest System roadless lands in the State of Virginia which are less than five thousand acres in size.

DESIGNATION OF WILDERNESS STUDY AREAS

16 USC 1131
note.

SEC. 6. (a) In furtherance of the purposes of the Wilderness Act, the Secretary of Agriculture shall review, as to their suitability for preservation as wilderness, the following lands in the State of Virginia:

(1) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, which comprise approximately nine thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Rough Mountain Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Rough Mountain Wilderness Study Area;

(2) certain lands in the George Washington National Forest, which comprise approximately five thousand six hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Rich Hole Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated January 1984, and which shall be known as the Rich Hole Wilderness Study Area;

(3) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, which comprise approximately five thousand eight hundred and seventy-five acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Barbours Creek Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Barbours Creek Wilderness Study Area; and

(4) certain lands in the Jefferson National Forest, which comprise approximately four thousand three hundred acres, as generally depicted on a map entitled "Shawvers Run Wilderness Study Area—Proposed", dated February 1984, and which shall be known as the Shawvers Run Wilderness Study Area.

(b) In carrying out the review required under this section, the Secretary shall give public notice at least sixty days in advance of any hearing or other public meeting concerning a study area.

(c) Subject to valid existing rights, the wilderness study areas designated by this section shall, until Congress determines otherwise, be administered by the Secretary so as to maintain their presently existing wilderness character and potential for inclusion in the National Wilderness Preservation System.

Reports.

(d) The Secretary, in consultation with the Environmental Protection Agency and the State of Virginia, shall evaluate and report to Congress no later than two years after the date of enactment of this Act on the effects of the proposed industrial development site at Covington, Virginia, on air quality on the areas designated for wilderness study by this Act. The Secretary shall provide an interim report to the appropriate committees of Congress no later than one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

BUFFER ZONES

SEC. 7. Congress does not intend that designation of wilderness areas in the State of Virginia lead to the creation of protective perimeters or buffer zones around each wilderness area. The fact that nonwilderness activities or uses can be seen or heard from areas within the wilderness shall not, of itself, preclude such activities or uses up to the boundary of the wilderness area.

Approved October 30, 1984.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5121:

HOUSE REPORT No. 98-712, Part 1 (Comm. on Interior and Insular Affairs).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 130 (1984):

May 8, considered and passed House.
Oct. 4, considered and passed Senate, amended.
Oct. 9, House concurred in Senate amendment.